1. I d_t c

All of the rust-stabilizing surface treatment now used in weathering steel are organic solventborne coatings, and most are resin-based¹⁾. The volatile organic compounds (VOC) contained in organic solventborne coatings generate suspended particulate matter (SPM) and photochemical oxidants. Measures must therefore be taken to reduce the emissions of VOC²⁾.

JFE Steel has succeeded in commercially producing the world's first waterborne rust-stabilizing coating. The coating is called CUPTEN COATTM AQUA^{3,4)}. The features and performance of CUPTEN COATTM AQUA are

City, Mie Pref.) was coated with CUPTEN COATTM AQUA. P 1 shows the surface appearance of the bridge eight years after the coating was applied. Rust overflow is observed on the surface of the non-coated weathering steel, whereas no rust overflow is observed on the surface of treated with CUPTEN COATTM AQUA. The coating remains on the steel surface in the area coated with the rust-stabilizing surface treatment, and no local corrosion is observed. Thus, the treated area exhibits a good appearance with scarcely any mottling.

P 2 shows the result of an observation of a cross section of the coated area under a polarization microscope. The generated rust is dense, but no rusting from any part of the steel surface is observed under the CUPTEN COATTM AQUA film. The formation of a continuous and highly protective rust layer on the steel surface can be expected in the future.

As described above, CUPTEN COATTM AQUA is a

waterborne coating capable of suppressing the emission of VOC. Once applied, it has functions to sufficiently suppress rust outflow in coastal areas.

After CUPTEN COATTM AQUA is applied once, there is no need for reapplication. Therefore CUPTEN COATTM AQUA is likely to contribute to the design and construction of environmentally friendly steel bridges and steel structures as a rust-stabilizing surface treatment for weathering steel.

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